**Product Description**

Granulocyte colony-stimulating factor (G-CSF) is a member of the CSF family of glycoproteins that regulate hematopoietic cell proliferation, differentiation, and function. It is a key cytokine involved in the production of neutrophils and the stimulation of granulocyte colony formation from hematopoietic progenitor cells (Metcalf & Nicola). G-CSF causes a range of effects including a transient reduction of SDF-1 expression (Petit et al.), the activation of metalloproteases that cleave VCAM-1 (Levesque et al.), and the release of norepinephrine from the sympathetic nervous system (Katayama et al.), leading to the release or mobilization of hematopoietic stem cells from the bone marrow into the periphery. The G-CSF receptor is expressed on a variety of hematopoietic cells, including myeloid-committed progenitor cells, neutrophils, granulocytes, and monocytes. In addition to hematopoietic cells, G-CSF is also expressed in cardiomyocytes, neuronal cells, mesothelial cells, and endothelial cells. Binding of G-CSF to its receptor leads to activation of the JAK/STAT, MAPK, PI3K, and AKT signal transduction pathways.

**Product Information**

**Alternative Names:** Colony-stimulating factor 3, CSF-3, MGI-1G, Pluripoietin

**Accession Number:** P09919

**Amino Acid Sequence:** MTPLGPASSL PQSFLLKCLE QVRKIQGDGA ALOEKLCATY KLCHPEELVL LGHSLGPWA PLSSCPQAL QLAGCLSQLH SGLFLYQGLL QALEGISPHEL GPTLDTLQLD VADFATTIWQ QMEELGMAPA LQPTQGAMPA FASAFQRAG GVLVASHLQS FLEVSYRVLR HLAQP

**Predicted Molecular Mass:** 18.8 kDa

**Species:** Human

**Cross Reactivity:** Mouse

**Formulation:** Lyophilized from a sterile-filtered aqueous solution containing acetic acid and sodium chloride.

**Source:** E. coli

**Specifications**

**Activity:** The specific activity is $\geq 1.7 \times 10^7$ units/mg (EC50 $\leq 0.06$ ng/mL) as determined by a cell proliferation assay using mouse NFS-60 cells.

**Purity:** $\geq 95%$

**Endotoxin Level:** Measured by kinetic Limulus amebocyte lysate (LAL) analysis and is $\leq 1$ EU/µg protein.

**Preparation and Storage**

**Storage:** Store at -20°C to -80°C.

**Stability:** Stable as supplied for 12 months from date of receipt.

**Preparation:** Centrifuge vial before opening. Bring vial and sterile water to room temperature (15 - 25°C). Reconstitute the product in sterile water to at least 0.1 mg/mL by pipetting the solution down the sides of the vial. Do not vortex.

OPTIONAL: After reconstitution, if product will not be used immediately, dilute with concentrated bovine serum albumin (BSA) to a final BSA concentration of 0.1%. The effect of storage of stock solution on product performance should be tested for each application. As a general guide, do not store at 2 - 8°C for more than 1 month or at -80°C for more than 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Cytokines

Human Recombinant G-CSF

Data

(A) The biological activity of Human Recombinant G-CSF was tested by its ability to promote the proliferation of mouse NFS-60 cells. Cell proliferation was measured using a fluorometric assay method. The EC50 is defined as the effective concentration of the growth factor at which cell proliferation is at 50% of maximum. The EC50 in the above example is 0.053 ng/mL.

(B) 1 µg of Human Recombinant G-CSF was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing (+) and non-reducing (-) conditions and visualized by Coomassie Blue staining. Human Recombinant G-CSF has a predicted molecular mass of 18.8 kDa.

Related Products

For a complete list of cytokines, as well as related products available from STEMCELL Technologies, visit www.stemcell.com/cytokines or contact us at techsupport@stemcell.com.

References


