Primary Cells

Human Cord Blood
Mononuclear Cells, Frozen

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Catalog #</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>70007.1</td>
<td>1.5 x 10^7 cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70007.2</td>
<td>5 x 10^7 cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70007</td>
<td>1.5 x 10^8 cells</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Primary human mononuclear cells (MNCs) were isolated from umbilical cord blood (CB) using density gradient separation. Cells were obtained using consent forms and protocols approved by either the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or an Institutional Review Board (IRB).

Product Description

Primary human mononuclear cells (MNCs) were isolated from umbilical cord blood (CB) using density gradient separation.

Cells were obtained using consent forms and protocols approved by either the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or an Institutional Review Board (IRB).

Precautions

Donor Screening: Testing for HIV-1 and 2, hepatitis B, and hepatitis C is performed on a maternal blood sample and/or on a sample of the donated cord blood.

Cryopreserved products are shipped with negative test results from donor screening.

Donors have been tested and found to be negative for HIV-1 and 2, hepatitis B, and hepatitis C prior to donation. As testing cannot completely guarantee that the donor was virus-free, THIS PRODUCT SHOULD BE TREATED AS POTENTIALLY INFECTIOUS and only used following appropriate handling precautions such as those described in biological safety level 2.

Storage of frozen cell products in the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen storage tank is recommended. Storage in the liquid phase can result in cross-contamination if the vial breaks or is not sealed properly. Storage in the liquid phase also increases the potential for liquid nitrogen to penetrate the vial and cause it to explode when removed from storage. Use of a face shield is required as a safety precaution when transferring cells from one container to another. When handling this product do not use sharps such as needles and syringes.

STEMCELL cannot guarantee the biological function or any other properties associated with performance of cells in a researcher's individual assay or culture systems. STEMCELL assures the cells will meet the specifications only when assessed immediately after thawing (before washing) by our test methods.

FOR IN VITRO RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT APPROVED FOR DIAGNOSTIC, THERAPEUTIC, OR CLINICAL APPLICATIONS. NOT APPROVED FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY USE IN VIVO.
Handling / Directions for Use

1. Warm medium in a 37°C water bath. See Accessory Products (below) for recommended media.
2. Wipe the outside of the vial of cells with 70% ethanol or isopropanol.
3. In a biosafety hood, twist the cap a quarter-turn to relieve internal pressure and then retighten.
4. Quickly thaw cells in a 37°C water bath by gently shaking the vial. Remove the vial when a small frozen cell pellet remains. Do not vortex cells.
   NOTE: It is important to work quickly in the following steps to ensure high cell viability and recovery.
5. Wipe the outside of the vial with 70% ethanol or isopropanol.
6. Measure the total volume of the cell suspension using a 2 mL serological pipette. This value is used in step 12 to calculate the number of cells provided.
7. Remove a 20 µL aliquot of cells for counting. If using Trypan Blue to assess viability, for ≥ 1 x 10^6 cells we suggest adding a minimum of 20 µL of medium and recording the volume of medium added. For < 1 x 10^6 cells dilute directly in 20 µL Trypan Blue. Set diluted aliquot aside until step 12. See Tips section for more details on performing cell counts with a hemocytometer.
8. Transfer the remaining cell suspension to a 50 mL conical tube.
9. Rinse the vial with 1 mL of medium and add it dropwise to the cells, while gently swirling the 50 mL tube.
10. Wash by adding 15 - 20 mL of medium dropwise, while gently swirling the tube.
11. Centrifuge the cell suspension at 300 x g for 10 minutes at room temperature (15 - 25°C).
12. If using Trypan Blue, perform a cell count on the diluted aliquot from step 7.
13. Carefully remove the supernatant (from step 11) with a pipette, leaving a small amount of medium to ensure the cell pellet is not disturbed. Resuspend the cell pellet by gently flicking the tube.
14. If cells are starting to clump, add 100 µg DNase I Solution per mL of cell suspension and incubate at room temperature (15 - 25°C) for 15 minutes.
   NOTE: Do not add DNase I Solution if the cells will be used for DNA or RNA extraction.
15. Gently add 15 - 20 mL of medium to the tube.
16. Centrifuge the cell suspension at 300 x g for 10 minutes at room temperature (15 - 25°C).
17. Carefully remove the supernatant with a pipette, leaving a small amount of medium to ensure cell pellet is not disturbed. Resuspend the cell pellet by gently flicking the tube.
   NOTE: Cell loss of up to 30% can be expected during the wash steps.
18. Cells are now ready for use in downstream applications.

Tips

Converting g to rpm: http://www.humanimmunologyportal.com/hiptools/apps/

Accessory Products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT NAME</th>
<th>CATALOG #</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Iscove's Modified Dulbecco's Medium (add 10% fetal bovine serum)</td>
<td>36150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DMEM with 1000 mg/L D-Glucose (add 10% fetal bovine serum)</td>
<td>36253</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RPMI 1640 Medium (add 10% fetal bovine serum)</td>
<td>36750</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trypan Blue</td>
<td>07050</td>
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<tr>
<td>DNase I Solution (1 mg/mL)</td>
<td>07900</td>
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<tr>
<td>Falcon® Serological Pipettes, 2 mL</td>
<td>38002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Falcon® Conical Tubes, 50 mL</td>
<td>38010</td>
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