

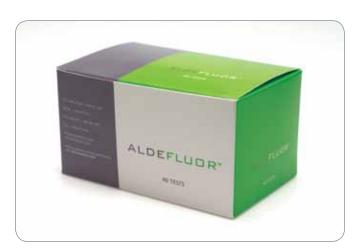
# ALDEFLUOR™

For Detection and Isolation of Viable Stem & Progenitor Cells

# ALDEFLUOR™

# A simple and rapid method to detect viable normal and cancer stem & progenitor cells

The ALDEFLUOR™ fluorescent reagent system offers a novel approach to the identification, evaluation, and isolation of stem and progenitor cells based on their expression of the enzyme aldehyde dehydrogenase (ALDH), rather than cell surface phenotype. The enzyme ALDH is highly expressed in cells shown to have properties of stem and progenitor cells,¹-9 including CD34⁺ cells, CD133⁺ cells, Kit⁺ cells, Lineage-antigen negative (Lin⁺) cells, colony-forming cells, long-term culture-initiating cells, and NOD/SCID-repopulating cells. While ALDEFLUOR™ is optimized for use with human blood products,²-8 it has been used for the identification of stem and progenitor cells from non-hematopoietic lineages, as well as from multiple species.9-14

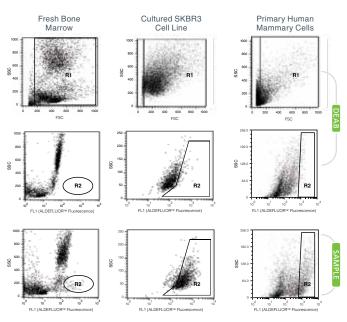


www.aldefluor.com

### Why Choose ALDEFLUOR™?

- Detects normal and malignant precursor cells across multiple lineages, including hematopoietic, mammary, brain, head and neck, lung, liver, pancreas, cervix, ovaries, bladder, prostate, colon and thyroid regions
- Non-toxic, allowing for the downstream analysis of ALDH<sup>br</sup> cells
- Compatible with immunophenotyping and counterstaining of cells with other fluorescent antibodies
- Highly reproducible, easy-to-use, and has a long reagent shelf life.

#### Typical ALDEFLUOR™ FACS Profiles





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#### How Does ALDEFLUOR™ Work?

- Uncharged ALDH-substrate, BAAA (BODIPY® aminoacetaldehyde), is taken up by living cells through passive diffusion.
- BAAA is converted by intracellular ALDH into a negatively charged reaction product BAA- (BODIPY® - aminoacetate), which is retained inside cells, causing the cells expressing high levels of ALDH to become brightly fluorescent.
- The brightly fluorescent ALDH-expressing cells (ALDH<sup>™</sup>) are detected in the green fluorescence channel (520-540 nm) of a standard flow cytometer.
- Since only cells with an intact cellular membrane can retain the ALDEFLUOR™ reaction product, only viable ALDH<sup>br</sup> cells are identified.

#### **Procedure**

#### **TEST**

Suspend cells in ALDEFLUOR™ assay buffer containing ALDH substrate (BAAA) and efflux inhibitor

#### CONTROL

Transfer portion of cells with ALDEFLUOR™ to negative control tube containing ALDH enzyme inhibitor

#### 37°C 30-60 minutes

Only cells with ALDH activity convert BAAA to the negatively charged fluorescent product, BAA

#### Optional

Store on ice and counterstain with fluorescent antibodies against cell surface markers

Measure fluorescence on a flow cytometer and (optionally) sort ALDH<sup>™</sup> cells

# SCAN ME



Video:

Tissue-Specific Optimization of ALDEFLUOR™ Protocols www.stemcell.com/OptALDEFLUOR

#### **Order Now**

| PRODUCT                       | SIZE             | CATALOG # |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| ALDEFLUOR™                    | 1 Kit (40 Tests) | 01700     |
| ALDECOUNT™ IVD<br>Assay Kit*  | 1 Kit            | 01721     |
| ALDECOUNT™ RUO<br>Assay Kit** | 1 Kit            | 01720     |

<sup>\*</sup> FDA-cleared for detection & enumeration of ALDH SSC hematopoietic progenitors. US-only.

#### References

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- 11. Armstrong L, et al. Stem Cells, 2004;22:1142-1151
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- 14. Corti S, et al. Hum Mol Genet, 2006;15(2):167-187

# Did You Know?

Selected publications using ALDEFLUOR  $^{\text{\tiny{IM}}}$  to detect cancer precursor cells are available in a tissue-specific list at www.aldefluor.com.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Detection and enumeration of ALDH SSC hematopoietic progenitors. Available worldwide.